

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Published Every Day in the Year.
BY THE HERALD COMPANY

Terms of Subscription:
DAILY AND SUNDAY—One month, \$5.00; three months, \$12.00; one year, \$36.00.
SUNDAY—One year, \$2.00.
Semi-weekly (in advance), one year, \$10.00; six months, \$6.00.

Eastern Office: W. J. Morton in charge—16 Nassau St., New York; St. Louis—Young's Bldg., 100 N. 3rd St.; Chicago—The Auditorium; Palmer House.

Subscribers wishing address of paper changed must give former as well as present address.
All papers are continued until explicit order is received to discontinue. All arrears must be paid in every case.

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STEWART'S FLOP.

STEWART, county attorney-elect of Sevier county, may be too small to deserve any notice at the hands of The Herald, but we cannot refrain from expressing our opinion of him. Stewart was the only man on the Democratic ticket elected in Sevier county this fall. He won, not because he was popular, not because of his peculiar fitness for the position, not because he is a better man than hundreds of others who could be found in Sevier, but because his Republican opponent was extremely unpopular. The Republican candidate, indeed, had charges of a grave criminal nature hanging over him.

Stewart says he is now a Republican. Since the election a great light has dawned on him. He will be a Democrat, he claims, in national affairs, but in county politics he will be a Republican. Here's hoping he will not hesitate long about plumping himself wholly into the Republican party. The Democrats have no need nor any use for such individuals as Stewart. He offers by way of justification for his bolt the excuse that the Democrats did not support him cordially, that he was elected by Republican votes.

So he was elected by Republican votes. This is true of necessity, for Sevier is normally a Republican county. But the Democrats as Stewart very well knows, rallied largely to his support. There may have been one or two exceptions, but not enough to impair the rule. Stewart was unanimously nominated in a Democratic convention. He owes his position to the Democratic party entirely and absolutely. And yet, now that the just for office has come over him, he has the effrontery to turn his back on the party that made him and to go over, body, soul and breeches, to the Republicans.

We hope Stewart will not imagine for a moment that anyone looks upon his defection as a serious loss to the Democratic party in Sevier. He himself probably thinks so, but in that opinion he is entirely alone. The Democratic party is decidedly better off without him. It is the principle of the proceeding that disgusts. The man himself is too utterly insignificant for words. The Sevier Republicans may have all the Democrats of the Stewart stripe they can possibly gather and will never shed a tear.
And if the Republicans should nominate him at the end of his term for the office he is soon to hold, or for any other office, we hope every Democrat will be tireless in his efforts to consign Stewart to oblivion at the polls.

NEWSPAPER TRUST BROKEN.

A DECISION of interest to newspaperers and to advertisers throughout the country was handed down by the supreme court of the United States the other day in what is known as the Milwaukee "newspaper boycott case." There are four newspapers in Milwaukee: One of them raised its advertising rates. The other three very promptly entered into an agreement by the terms of which no advertiser who paid the advanced rate should be permitted to use the columns of the combine except at an increased rate.

On the other hand, advertisers who refused to pay the increase to the outsider could use any or all of the three combined newspapers at the old rates. The outside paper brought suit under the Wisconsin anti-trust law for the dissolution of the combination. The case was hard fought on both sides, for it was admittedly what the lawyers call "close." So close was it that the judge before whom it was originally heard asked, after an interval of several weeks, the lawyers to come before him and reargue it.

The court finally held that the combination must be dissolved. An appeal to the supreme court of the United States was taken for the purpose of testing the validity of the Wisconsin statute. Counsel for the combination argued that a law which makes it impossible for a citizen in a given line of business to wilfully, though not maliciously, interfere with another citizen in the same line, must of necessity be invalid. The contention was also set up that no question of restraint of trade was involved since "advertising is not trade, but merely a means of fostering trade."

The supreme court does not seem to have paid any attention to the latter contention. It is obvious that the purchase and sale of advertising is just as much trade as any other form of business. The space is the newspaper's merchandise, just as the stock of goods is the merchant's. A review of the decision says:

"It is decided in effect that the prohibition by legislation of combinations and agreements wilfully to injure or interfere with the business or property of persons, even where no malice is present and where the purpose is to attract patronage or trade at the expense of the person injured or interfered with, is not contrary to the intent

and spirit of the fourteenth amendment. The full text of the opinion should make instructive and profitable reading."

THE TALENT LIST.

GUSTAVE MICHAUD, writing in the Century for November, asks, and answers to his own satisfaction—the question: "Where are the most intellectual people of our country—those who yield the highest percentage of ability?" Mr. Michaud presents a map which shows at a glance just where the brains and talent and culture are. Naturally, that interests us, and it will interest you.

For example, according to Mr. Michaud, only five out of every 100,000 persons born in Utah are talented. If it were true that the entire present population of the state were born here, on a basis of 300,000, this would give Utah just fifteen talented persons. That rather takes some of the pride out of us. But we look at other states, at Wyoming and North and South Dakota, for example. The map shows, and the map must be right, that there isn't a single talented individual in any of those proud commonwealths.

New Mexico, Nebraska and Colorado have only one to each 100,000 population. Kansas, Minnesota and Texas have two each, and Idaho, Montana, Arkansas and Indian Territory three each. Massachusetts—we wonder if Mr. Michaud lives in Massachusetts—heads the list with sixty-two per 100,000. New England, if Mr. Michaud is to be believed, has more talented men and women than all the rest of the country put together. At least three geniuses are born in New England for every one born in the rest of the nation.

How has Mr. Michaud reached his figures? Let him explain. He says: "To find out the fraction representing the degree of intellectuality for each state, I have taken for the numerator the number of persons born in that state, living in 1900, included in a directory of persons prominent in public life, the arts, sciences and literary pursuits, and for the denominator the total number of persons born in the same state and living in the United States in 1900." Now do you understand how he did it?

Mr. Michaud, for reasons that are obvious, does not publish the list of talented persons. For one thing it would be too long in some localities and too short in others. Fancy compressing the intellect of Utah in fifteen heads! Why, the people would not stand for it for a moment. As it is, each and every one of us can imagine that we belong to the select company. Thus nobody's feelings are hurt and Mr. Michaud, if he comes to Utah, will escape with his life.

DIRTY DELAWARE POLITICS.

POLITICS IN DELAWARE in the campaign just ended was not any cleaner than in the other years since Addicks descended upon that state. In a letter to the Philadelphia Record B. J. Salvage of Lewes, Del., says: "A colored man who has worked for us a good deal made this report to me of his own volition: 'Mr. — who is now in office in Dover, came to me and said: "I want you to vote for me." "Well," said I, "how much will you give me?" "Come with me," he said. I went into his room. "Sit down," I said. "I was drinking," he said. "No," said I, "I want the money or I shan't vote at all." "Well, how much do you want?" he said. "Eighteen dollars," I told him. "That's too much," he said. "I'll give you fifteen." "No," I said. "I shan't take less than eighteen." "Well, I'll give you eighteen. Here's the money." He paid me and I voted for him, and he's been in ever since. Oh, but I tell you, sir, he's a colored man's friend."

"One of the sad features about the whole thing is that this man, who is a good worker, and whom I never heard of a wrong word from, seemed to see nothing at all out of the way about it. It is a sample of the debauched condition of the colored voters. And plenty of whites are blacker still."

Immediately after the election word was telegraphed around the country that Addicks had elected enough members of the legislature to insure his election to the senate. It was further stated that the great Republican majority in Delaware was made possible by a compact between President Roosevelt and Addicks. It is common knowledge that Roosevelt and Addicks are friendly and that the latter did all he could to forward Mr. Roosevelt's campaign.

There is little doubt that, if Addicks is elected, reeking though his election may be with fraud and corruption, he will take his seat without a contest or a senatorial investigation. The Addicks who, by favor of President Roosevelt, distributed the federal patronage in Delaware, is still the friend of the president. He may reasonably expect that the Roosevelt influence will be used in the senate in his behalf. There is no reason, indeed, to think otherwise.

By all means let Addicks be sent to the senate from Delaware.

It begins to look as if Dr. Hyatt had run out of his stock of fine days. It had begun to seem that the supply was inexhaustible.

An Omaha man fears the devil will get him. He probably has good reason for believing the devil will do just that very thing.

A turkey trust has been formed in New York. It won't save the turkeys, however. The people who buy the birds are to be the sufferers.

and spirit of the fourteenth amendment. The full text of the opinion should make instructive and profitable reading."

A lot of trouble might have been saved in Colorado if the mill owners in the Telluride district had long ago taken the step they announced the other day—the granting of an eight-hour day in the mills at \$3 a day. The miners were willing at one time to accept \$2.75 for eight hours' work. Now let us hope the labor troubles in Colorado will be ended forever and that the Centennial state will resume its old high place among the wealth producers.

Society.

Miss Eleanor Crawford has returned from the east. Miss Mary Louise Anderson is remaining in the east for a visit with her brother.

Miss Edith Maguire will receive her friends at her new studio, 252 Commercial club building, all day Saturday. Miss Maguire will spend the next two months in the city.

A number of small luncheons are planned for today at the Country Club. Among those who will entertain at small affairs are Mrs. F. G. Griffin and Mrs. D. C. Roberts.

Mrs. Joseph L. Rawlins has gone to California to recuperate after a lengthy siege of typhoid fever.

Battery A of the N. G. U. entertained their friends at a pleasant dancing party at the armory Monday evening.

Miss Hazel Deangel entertained a few friends at an informal affair Saturday evening.

Miss Beulah Bachman, who has been visiting friends in the city, has returned to her home in Provo.

Mrs. F. E. Straup of Bingham is in the city for a few days visiting friends.

Mrs. E. Bonnemort entertained at an informal musical Monday evening at her home on Brigham street.

The Shakespeare section of the Ladies' Literary club will meet this morning at the club house. The section will finish the reading of act three and begin the fourth act of "King Lear."

The marriage of Miss Millie Oulter and William P. Gillespie will take place today at noon and will be followed by a large reception this evening at the home of the bride's parents.

The trustees of the Infants' home, on 1 street, will celebrate the first year of the home's existence today by receiving all the patrons and those interested from 2 to 5 o'clock this afternoon at the home.

W. A. Duval and his two children returned yesterday from their eastern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Legg and son, Harry, leave Thursday for Arizona to spend the winter. They go for the benefit of Mr. Legg's health.

HIS BAD BREAK.

Called a Man a "Bird" With Most Astonishing Results.

(New York Press.)
"Talking about fright and gray hairs," said a traveling man, "my hair never came so near turning white in a single night as it did a couple of weeks ago. When I was in a town in one of the wilder patches of country in the west, I entered a cafe and started in ingratiating myself with the boys, and was getting along fine. There was one old fellow who hung around the bar a great deal and seemed to have everybody scared. I made up my mind that he was a chag I wanted to have on my side, so I started in and made up to him like a young girl. I told him all the funny stories I knew. Every time he laughed everybody else laughed, and he didn't seem to like it there was a general attack of the blues. After awhile he told a story himself. I laughed as hard as I could and started him on the shoulder and said: 'You've said he's looking suspicious all of a sudden.' 'Yes,' he said, 'and you're all right. You're a bird!'"

Never saw such a weird change of scenery in my life. A floor was cleared all of a sudden and all the occupants of the place were looking up from behind tables. He had a six-shooter pointed at me, and just then a young girl rushed into the place and threw herself between us. 'Or come,' commented a listener, 'this is about chapter II. She exclaimed: 'Save him! Save him for my sake!'"

"No," she didn't say anything of the kind. She merely said: 'Don't be a fool. He didn't mean anything. He isn't here a word about it.' 'Then she turned to me and said: 'I saw you talking about how you talk about anything in the fowl line before day. He was tarred and feathered and hung up. He didn't get clear off yet, an' he won't stand the joke about it, you see.'"

How Convicts Telegraph.

(Spare Moments.)
"Every prison has its secret 'telegraph' for it was not to be expected that cunning offenders could be long confined together, even on the 'separate cell' system, without discovering a method of secret communication. Prisoners 'rap' their messages to each other, and experience has shown that an attentive ear may receive and understand a communication thus made through the thickest prison wall."

The raps correspond regularly with the letters of the alphabet, which is arranged for the purpose into six rows, the first beginning with 'a' and the last beginning with 'z'. The rapping indicates the row in which the letter is to be found, one for first, two for second, and so on, the subsequent raps, given after a slight pause, show the number of the letter in the row. At first the table must be kept in mind, but after a little practice the prisoner is enabled to dispense with all conscious reference to it, the message being really received, as in the Morse telegraph, in the form of symbols standing in place of letters.

In Russia the clue is not so much in the system itself as in the nihilistic method of manipulating language with view to concealment. This is clear from what happened recently in one of the central prisons. Word had gone round to protest, not only against an excess of heavy work, but against the bad quality of food supplied to the prisoners, and the protest was to take the form of a refusal to perform the usual tasks. The men being called together after breakfast. Somehow or other the severest obtained the promise as it had been rapped through all the walls, but he took it literally as a plot to break prison and the whole of the convicts, so he armed the whole of the warders to the teeth, taking effective measures to prevent the assembly of the men. This blunder had a mighty beneficial effect upon the discipline of the prison, for the convicts obtained not only immediate immunity from the heavy tasks to which they had not been accustomed, but afterward enjoyed better food and more humane treatment.

Expensive Smoker.

(Chicago News.)
"Daisy bought a cigarette smoker for her beau that actually cost \$5." "That's nothing. I knew a girl that paid \$100.00 for a cigarette smoker." "Goodness! With her own money?" "No, with her father's money. The cigarette smoker was in the shape of a foreign duke."

Keith-O'Brien Co.

The People Are With Us

Extraordinary Values in Women's Waists

Smart, Dressy Waist

In two distinct styles, in plain poplin cloth, also in striped material, plaited back and front, stock collar—\$1.65, for 95c

Flannel Waists

Exclusive models in all-wool flannel yoke trimmed with velvet buttons, plaited front, fancy stock collar, in black, blue, tan and red, \$2.50 for—\$2.45

Novelties in Suits and Correct Styles in Coats

Tailored suits in chevrons and novelty mixtures and mannish suitings, tourist coat effect, and short coat styles, for—\$14.75

Tailored plain velvet suits in family blouse effects, in black, blue and brown, for—\$22.50

Ladies' Coats

Made of fancy tweed, nothing more stylish for general wear than these swaggar coats, \$18.50 for—\$12.75

Covert Coats

These coats are considered to be the most practical and stylish garment that can be used for all occasions, fitted or loose back, long or short—Prices, \$10 \$16.75, \$25 \$35

The Janitor.

(Chicago Chronicle.)
Who is it that proudly rules the flat And lets all know where he is at To whom we all must doff our hat? The Janitor.

Who is it holds our fires in red, And makes us hot or cold, doth he To whom we crook the servile knee? The Janitor.

Who is it rules with iron hand, And listens to each meek demand, And turns it down to beat the band? The Janitor.

Who is it tells landlord that We have brought children in the flat, And then the landlord tells us: 'Scat!'? The Janitor.

Who is it, like a Hottentot, Because the day is nice and hot Will pile the furnace fire be nil? The Janitor.

Who is the only autocrat, As he is always raw and shrill Will let the furnace fire be nil? The Janitor.

Who is the only autocrat, The smartest and the best, The prince, the king and all of that, Who lords it in the city flat? The Janitor.

Sightless and Speechless, (New York Times.)

William A. Pinkerton tells of an old-time confidence man who used to do business in Chicago. "Say," he knew pretty well, and suddenly reached around and put his hands over the officer's eyes.

"Can you see anything now?" asked the "con" man.

"Not a thing," said the other, as he raised his hands. The crook removed his hands and a \$20 gold piece fell into each of the officer's hands.

The crook walked away laughing, but the officer followed. "Say," he remarked, "if you put one of those in my mouth I could not even speak."

None can have a Well-Balanced Constitution without taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

All people subject to Bilious attacks, or who suffer from Stomachic disorders, should never be without a box of BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Their gigantic success and genuine worth are known all over the world, and the proof of their excellence lies in the fact that they are generally adopted as the Family Medicine after the first trial.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

by their purifying effect upon the Blood, cleanse and vivify the entire system, causing every organ of the body healthily to continue its allotted function, thereby inducing a perfectly balanced condition, and making life a pleasure.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

maintain their reputation for keeping the system in Good Health and Good Condition.

have stood the test of the most exacting experience through many years.

Sold Everywhere In Boxes, 10c, and 25c.

Husler's Flour

10 to 1, a change of flour in your home would mean an increase in your flour.

Sales must have been quite a few changes lately.

\$10.00 Will make a start

We'll send the piano to your home right away. You can then pay for it in small payments of eight dollars per month. The piano is a \$250 Rembrandt, fully guaranteed.

EVERETT DEALERS.

Garstensen & Anson Co.

(Incorporated.)
Temple of Music.
74 Main Street
Successors to Daynes Music Co.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

MANAGER, GEORGE D. PETER.
CURTAIN & L.S.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
November 17, 18, 19.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2:15.
CHARLES B. DILLINGHAM presents

MAXINE ELLIOTT

In the CLYDE FITCH comedy,
Her Own Way
"GREATEST SUCCESS KNOWN IN YEARS."
PRICES: 25c to \$2. According to Location.
Seats on Sale Tuesday at 10.

Why Squint?

We Fit Eye Glasses and Do It Right.
Phone 65 for the correct time.

Is That Money Burning a Hole in Your Pocket?

Don't squander it on extravagant trifles. BUY A LIFETIME OF PLEASURE for yourself and those around you in the shape of a sweet tone CONOVER PIANO. A fine instrument in the home means harmony and home happiness. See and hear our instruments. Easy terms if you desire.

VANSANT & CHAMBERLAIN
51 and 53 MAIN.

E. M. FRIEDMAN & CO.

145 Main Street, Progress Bldg.
COMPLETE LINE OF
Men's Clothing and Hats,
Furnishing Goods,
Boys' and Children's Suits,
GREAT REDUCTIONS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
We carry only the best Satisfactory. Well-Finished, Up-to-Date and Lasting Goods.

PRESTON FLOUR

It's a pleasure to hear so many good words for
"PRESTON FLOUR"
If this keeps up we'll have to increase our capacity.
PRESTON MILLING CO.,
PRESTON (Caché Valley),
IDA. CLEVELAND COM. CO., DISTRIBUTORS.

Nelden-Judson Drug Co.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
CIGARS A SPECIALTY
P. O. Box 370, Salt Lake City.

Edw. C. Smith, President.

John P. Cobb, Vice-Pres. and Mgr.
F. L. Pearl, Secretary.
H. A. Knowles, Treasurer.

WHY SQUINT?

We Fit Eye Glasses and Do It Right.
Phone 65 for the correct time.

Leysons

JEWELERS.
236 MAIN ST.
SALT LAKE CITY

THE DESERET SAVINGS BANK

DIRECTORS:
W. W. Ritter, President.
Moises Thatcher, Vice President.
Edna A. Smith, Cashier.
L. S. Hills, John R. Barnes, John C. Cull, David Eccles, A. W. Cannon, George Romney, John R. Winder, Reed Smoot, E. R. Eldredge, W. F. James.
Four per cent interest paid on savings deposits.

McCormick & Co. BANKERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Established 1878.

WALKER BROTHERS BANKERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Established 1853. Incorporated 1903.

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McCormick & Co. BANKERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Established 1878.

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

World's Fair Round Trip

Tickets From Ogden and Salt Lake City

FINANCIAL.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE WESTERN

CURRENT TIME TABLE.
In Effect Oct. 9th, 1904.
LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY.

Utah Commercial & Savings Bank

24 E. First South St., Salt Lake.

L. S. HILLS, President.
MOSES THATCHER, Vice President.
HENRY T. McEWAN, Asst. Cashier.
E. S. HILLS, Assistant Cashier.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

Deseret National Bank
Salt Lake City, Utah.
CAPITAL\$500,000
SURPLUS\$250,000
Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

THE STATE BANK OF UTAH.

Corner Main and South Temple Streets, Salt Lake City.

JOSEPH F. SMITH, President.
WILLIAM B. PRESTON, Vice President.
CHARLES S. BURTON, Cashier.
HENRY T. McEWAN, Asst. Cashier.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Accounts Solicited. Special attention to country trade. Correspondence invited.

J. E. COSGRIFF, President.
E. W. WILSON, Cashier.

Open an Account With.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

An Exponent of Conservatism Combined with Enterprise.
A. H. PEABODY, Asst. Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC

U. S. DEPOSITORY.
FRANK KNOX, President.
JAMES A. MURRAY, Vice President.
W. F. ADAMS, Cashier.
CAPITAL PAID IN, \$500,000.
Banking in all its branches transacted. Exchange drawn on the principal cities of Europe.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

"THE LAGOON ROAD"

Salt Lake and Ogden Railway.
Time Table in Effect Sept. 6, 1904.
Leave Salt Lake 5:30 and 9 a. m., 2:30 and 5:30 p. m.
Leave Farmington and Ogden 7:30 and 10:30 a. m., 1:30 and 4:30 p. m.
Extra trains at 11 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. on Sundays and Holidays.

San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake R. Co.

DEPART.
From Ogden, Lehi, Fairfield, Mercur, Nephi and Sanpete Valley 8:30 a. m.
From Fairfield, Mercur, Tooele, Stockton, Mammoth, Eureka and Silver City 7:45 a. m.
From Provo, American Fork, Lehi, Milford, Frisco, Caliente and intermediate 9:45 a. m.
From Provo, Lehi, Fairfield, Mercur and Sanpete Valley 5:35 p. m.
From Silver City, Mammoth, Eureka, Stockton, Tooele and 5:35 p. m.
Garfield Beach

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

ST. LOUIS 1904

SHORT LINE TO ST. LOUIS.

If you are going to St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago, New York or any point east or south, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant coaches, quick time and superb track make this line the People's Favorite Route.
The best line reaching Hot Springs, Arkansas, the Carlsbad of America.
For maps, information, etc., address H. C. TOWNSEND, G. P. & T. A., Mo. Pac. Ry., St. Louis, Mo.

THE KEELEY CURE.

Drunkennes Cured
A positive and permanent cure for drunkenness and the opium habit. Treated as privately as at their own homes. The Keeley Institute, 24 W. 80 Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah.